

Introduction to Kubernetes (k8)

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Word of caution





Formal definition:

"Kubernetes is an open source system for automating deployment, scaling and management of containerized applications"

Kubernetes documentation



Unformal definition:

"Kubernetes is like having a little devops in a cluster that takes care of you're applications and makes sure that everything is up and running."

Kelsey Hightower (Google)



Packaging applications

Containers (Docker)

Two main benefits:



- They make shipping and deploying apps a lot easier!
- They bundle all the apps dependencies in a single image



Packaging applications

Docker - like mobile apps on a smartphone, but for servers





Docker deployment





Now what?





Why do we need k8?

• Real issues are:

- Application configuration
- Service discovery
- Managing updates
- Monitoring
- Deployment...



Why is k8 special?

- Github (37,578 🖈)
- 1693 contributors
 - Backed up by :
- Google, RedHat, CoreOS, Cloud Native Computing Foundation
- Cloud providers AWS, GCLOUD, AZURE
- 10/15 years of R&D in Google (Borg, Omega)



k8 features

- Horizontal scaling
- Automated rollouts and rollbacks
- Self healing
- Service discovery and load balancing
- Secret and configuration management
- Better server utilization (less money goes to aws)



Abstracts the hardware layer

LoadBalancers | Routes | DNS





k8 architecture







k8 basic objects

- Everything in k8 is a declarative configuration object (RESTfull API object)
 - k8 uses them to represent the state of a cluster:
- Pod a group of one or more containers
- Service gives your pods a stable IP
- Volume storage and configuration for the pods
- Nodes VM or physical machine



- ReplicaSet
- Deployment (important)
- StatefulState (PetSets)
- DaemonSet
- Job



Whats a pod anyway?

Pod is group of containers

Containers run under the same Network and UTS namespace (same hostname and net. interface)

Run under the same IPC namespace

Containers in a pod share the same IP address (localhost) and port space

Pods can be seen as very very light VM-s



Basic objects for an app

Deployment object

generate the pods with a label, and keeps them alive

Service object

Grouping object that gives you a stable IP (virtual IP) for the pods that have a certain LABEL

(Config map - app configuration file)



Services in k8





























k8 documentation





Minikube - program (for practicing and development)

"Up and running with Kubernetes" - book

Scalable microservices with Kubernetes - Udacity course

https://www.katacoda.com/ - website

kubernetes.io - documentation